

Cover Crops Guide



Revised 2025

Growing sugar beet gives you a great opportunity to deploy cover crops on your farm and reap the potential benefits they may offer.

With government schemes available, such as the sustainable farming incentive, which reward you for using cover crops it is important that the risks of using a cover crop are carefully assessed. BBRO has prepared this guide to help you balance the pros and cons of the most popular cover crops, as identified in the 2023 BBRO cover crop survey, and help you choose suitable species for your farming system. A mix of two to three cover crop species offers a balance between cost and performance, so selecting species which complement each other is a good approach.

The tables give an overview of the key aspects of each cover crop species highlighting both the benefits and risks they pose to the sugar beet crop and wider rotation. These are split into agronomic aspects and pest and disease risks. These are general observations and may differ depending on how the cover crop is managed and are presented for guidance.

We encourage you to talk to your agronomist based on this information and if you require more guidance, contact us via email info@bbro.co.uk or phone 01603 672169.



BBRÖ	Cover Crop Species		Fodder/Oil Radish	Tillage Radish	Stubble Turnip	Forage rape	Brown mustard	White Mustard	
	Binomial name	Raphanus sativus	Raphanus sativus	Brassica rapa	Brassica napus	Brassica juncea	Sinapis alba		
SIS	Recommended sowing date (following cereal crop)		Jul-Sep	Jul-Sep	Jul-Aug	Jul- Aug	Jul- Sep	Jul-Sep	
; tc	N fixer	Y/N	N	N	N	N	N	N	
ָם ס	Option to graze	Y/N	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	
Agronomic Factors	Biomass produced	Low- High	Medium	Medium	Medium	Medium	Medium	Medium	
	Improves soil structure	Y/N	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	N	
	Rooting depth	Shallow- Deep	Deep	Deep	Deep	Shallow	Shallow	Shallow	
	Frost resistance	Low- High	Medium	Low	High	Medium	High	Low	
	Volunteer risk	Low- High	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	
	Ability to control in sugar beet	Low- High	High	High	High	High	High	High	
	Seed cost	£ - £££	££	££	££	£	£	£	
	Standard sowing rate (as straight)	(Kg/ha)	15	7.5	5	10	5	20	
Pests & diseases	BCN host	Y/N	Y**	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Y**	
	FLN host	Y/N	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	N	Υ	
	VY host risk***	None- High	Low	Low	Low	High	Medium	Low	
	Aphid risk****	Low- High	High	High	High	High	Medium	Medium	
	Wireworm host risk	Low- High -Reduces	High	High	High	High	Low	Low	
	Slug host risk	Low- High	High	High	High	High	Low	Low	
	Leatherjackets	Low- High	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	
Δ.	Pollen/Nectar source	Y/N	N	N	N	Y	Υ	Υ	

*Can be sown later but N fixation may be limited ** Use of resistant varieties can help manage BCN. If using a brassica cover crop on fields with suspected BCN infestations, you must use a resistant example. If looking to actively lower a BCN population you should aim to use a Class 1 Radish or Mustard. *** Limited data from BBRO hosting trials. ****From observations in BBRO inoculated glasshouse trials

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Average Section Multiflic Macanation Macanation	Black Oat	Rye		Vetch		Berseem	Red clover	Phacelia	Buckwheat	Sunflower
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Y Y Y Y Y Y Y N N High High High Medium Low Low Low High High High High High High High High Medium Shallow Shallow Medium Shallow Shallow Medium Low High Medium Low Low High Medium Low Low High Medium Low <	Jul-Sep	Jul-Sep	Jul- Sep	Jul-Aug*	Jul-Aug*	Jul- Aug *	Jul-Aug*	Jul-Sep	Jul-Sep	April-June
High High High Medium Low Low Low High Medium Shallow Shallow Shallow Medium Shallow Shallow Medium Shallow Medium Medium Medium High Low High Medium Low Low High Medium Low Low High Medium Low Low High Low	N	N	N	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	N	N	N
Y N N Y N N Y N Y Medium Shallow Shallow Shallow Shallow Medium Low Low High Ligh High Low High Low High Low Low High Low High Low High Low	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	N	N
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E E EE E E EE E E E E E E	High	Low	Low	High	Low	High	Low	High	Low	Low
20-75 50-70 30-35 85 15 12.5 15 10 70 25 N Low Low Low Low Low Low Low	High	High	High	High	High	High	High	Low	High	High
N N N N Y N N N N Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y	£	£	££	£	££	££	£££	££	£	£££
Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y Y	20-75	50-70	30-35	85	15	12.5	15	10	70	25
None Low Medium High Medium Medium High High Low Low Low Low Low Medium High High High Low Medium Medium High High High Low	Ν	Ν	N	Υ	N	Ν	Ν	Ν	Υ	Ν
Low Low Low Medium High High Low Medium Medium High High Low	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ
High High Low	None	Low	Medium	High	Medium	Medium	High	High	Low	Low
High High Low Low Low Low Low Low Low	Low	Low	Low	Medium	High	High	High	Low	Medium	Medium
	High	High	High	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Reduces	High
High High Low Low Low Low Low Low	High	High	High	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low
	High	High	High	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low	Low
N N Y Y Y Y Y	N	N	N	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ	Υ

The information within this table has been obtained from a wide range of sources in order to provide as much detail on each species as possible. However, performance will depend on a range of factors, such as sowing date, autumn conditions, companion species, sowing rate and method of destruction. The details we have outlined for each species are general observations for when each type is grown under optimal conditions.

