



5th December 2024



IN BRIEF

Have you taken part in the BBRO Growers survey? We would love to hear what you think about the service you receive from us. If you can spare a few minutes, please take part https://www.surveymonkey.com/r/NM9W558

- Harvesting progressing well, but please be careful when building clamps to avoid overheating and load rejection
- Weather has been predominantly mild, but growers urged to be ready for any sudden or prolonged cold spells/frost
- A few areas are still struggling to get on wet land, if the beet themselves are underwater then the crop will deteriorate quicker. Remember to lift as soon as ground allows
- Now is the time to be planning your early herbicide use. Think about the issues
 faced in each field in 2024 and watch our helpful video of the <u>BBRO Herbicide trials</u>,
 delivered by Pam Chambers, British Sugar
- BeetCast December: Farming one of life's universitieshttps://rss.com/podcasts/bbrobeetcast/1777047/



ADVISORY

Harvesting: attention to detail

Whilst temperatures remain relatively warm it is important to try and keep the time beet is clamped prior to delivery to a minimum to preserve sugar levels and reduce rot roots. Minimising root breakage when harvesting is key to avoiding accelerated sugar losses. The average sugar beet clamp loss rates are usually at 0.1% of total sugar volume/day but in poorly harvested and handled crops sugar loss can be 3-4 times greater. Losses will be even greater where temperatures are above 10°C. Some clamps have been pushed excessively high over recent weeks, leading to severe root rotting, figure 1 (right).



Make sure there is someone regularly checking on the condition of beet at the clamp.

Follow these guidelines to minimise sugar losses:

- When planning a Maus clamp, calculate the estimated tonnage and length, to avoid overspill into unsuitable areas
- Choose a firm, well-drained site which will be suitable for loading and unloading
- Clamps should be built in an open area to aid ventilation and cooling
- Never push beet up the face of the clamp. This will damage beet, compact the clamp and restrict air movement, allowing heat to build-up and increase rate of sugar loss.

See our handy <u>Harvester assessment guide</u> for our 3-step guide to assessing harvesting losses to help maximise yields and returns.

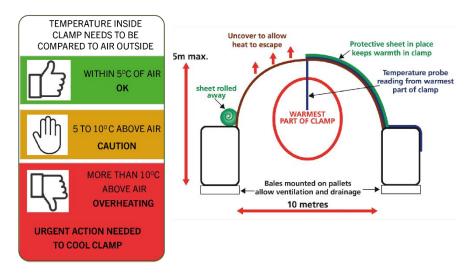
Figure 2 (right): Watch out for damaged beet in your clamp as these will deteriorate quickly in clamp





Figure 3: Avoid leaving large clamps (more than 2m in height) with lots of soil and tops for more than a few days in warm conditions.

Cross section of a traditional clamp

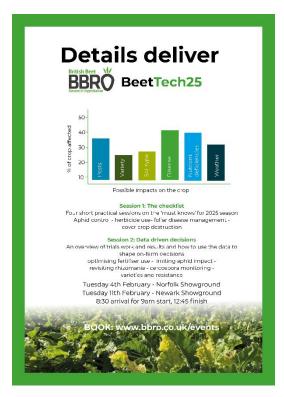


Water-logged crops

Sugar beet, like many crops has an ability to withstand water logging for a short period of time. The amount of time that the crop is underwater is key as this will affect the extent of anaerobic conditions the roots are exposed to. After this time there is an increased risk of 'hypoxia' in plants leading to cell death. There is no precise critical period that roots remain unaffected as temperature, soil sediment levels and soil structure (soil aeration) will have an influence, but the crop should be able to tolerate 5-7 days underwater. Do not clamp waterlogged crops for any longer than necessary.



Diary dates: Click on images to book a place





O CONTACTS

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Two NRoSO points in total (not per bulletin) have been allocated from 1st September 2023 to 31st August 2024 - NO500860f and NO503154f from 1st September 2024 – 31st May 2025. To claim these points please email nroso@basis-reg.co.uk.